Meet the Many "M" Animals

Can you find 40 'M' letters? Can you find 29 different 'M' animals?

Many animals start with "M":

Manatee 'sea cows' and Muskrats that swim.

Moles, digging tunnels, trying to see;

Monkeys, cavorting from tree to tree.

Meerkats and Marmots and Marmosets, too.

Mountain Lions, Mice, and Musk-Rat Kangaroos!

Markhors and Mongoose, Musk Ox and Minks;

Marsh Frogs, Marine Toads, Morethia Skinks.

Mayflies that live a day; Moths in the night.

Millipedes, Mealworms, Mosquitoes that bite.

Mockingbirds, Meadowlarks, singing their song.

Mud Snakes and Milk Snakes - they slither along

The Megamouth Shark, looking out for a meal,

finds a dangerous dinner of fresh Moray Eel!

And one last "M" -

if you're looking for more;

Here's the Megalosaurus – 'T-Rex' Dinosaur!

Did You Know?

- 1. *Letter 'M' Mammals There are 5,000 species of mammals in all different habitats around the world. Mammals give birth to their young, have milk glands, are warm-blooded, and have fur or hair.
 - Manatee: large, aquatic herbivore with flippers and a broad, flat tail that lives in warm coastal waters.
 - Markhor: large, rare, wild Himalayan goat with spiral, curved horns.
 - Marmoset: small, clawed monkey that lives in South American forests.
 - Monkey: medium sized, long-tailed omnivore. There are 264 species of Monkeys in the world.
 - Mink: semi-aquatic carnivores of Europe and North America in the family of otters and weasels.
 - **Mountain Lion:** powerful, wild cats in mountains of Western Hemisphere; also called Puma/Cougar.
 - Musk Ox: large, 'shaggy' cattle of Canada and Greenland with broad flat horns with curved tops.
- **2.** *Letter 'M' Mammal 'Rodentia' ½ of animals that meet the criteria for being a mammal also exhibit rodent-like characteristics. They have upper and lower sharp, rootless incisor teeth that 'gnaw' and never stop growing)
 - **Marmot:** a big, chubby, bushy-tailed squirrel of the Northern Hemisphere. Weighs up to 22 pounds.
 - **Mongoose:** bushy-tailed carnivore of Europe/Asia/Africa. Immune to snake poison. Weighs up to 10 pounds..
 - **Mole:** lives in tunnels near water all over the world. Must eat every few hours (earthworms).
 - Meerkat: South Africa, in the Mongoose family but more sociable. Size and weight of a common squirrel.
 - **Mouse:** small pesky animals in all habitats worldwide; pointed snout, rounded ears and long, hairless tail.
 - Musk Rat Kangaroo: rat-like marsupial Kangaroo (1 pound) only in NE Australia.
 - **Muskrats:** large wetlands vegetarian with dense brown fur and musk glands under broad flat tail.

- **3.** *Letter 'M' Bird Birds are 'warm-blooded' animals with feathers, toothless beaks, lay eggs, and have strong, light skeletons. There are over 10,000 species of birds.
 - Meadowlark: songbird of the Americas with brown plumage and yellow breast.
 - Mockingbird: songbird in the Americas and Canada with gray and white plumage.
- **4.** *Letter 'M' Amphibian Amphibians are semi-aquatic animals. (Frogs, toads, salamanders, skinks). They must stay near water for skin moisture and to lay eggs.
 - Marsh Frog: (or Lake Frog). Largest green 'true frog' native to Europe. Grows up to 5".
 - Marine Toad: (Cane Toad, Giant Toad). 'True' toad' native to South America. 9" and toxic.
- **5.** *Letter 'M' Fish Fish are fully aquatic cold-blooded animals with gills to breathe underwater, and fins to steer and propel their streamlined body through water.
 - Moray Eel: a tropical elongated snake-looking fish; fierce fighter in coastal waters.
 - Megamouth Shark is a real fish discovered in 1976; rare and feeds by filtering krill.
- **6. *Letter 'M' Insects -** Insects are six-legged, have wings, have three body parts, and two 'antennae'. Insects lay eggs that develop into adults. There are over 900,000 species of insects identified in the world.
 - Mayfly: fragile winged, short-lived insect that develops larvae in water.
 - Moth: different from butterflies by nocturnal activity, hairlike antennae, and stout bodies.
 - Mosquito: type of two winged insect. Female has long proboscis for sucking blood.
 - **Mealworm:** the 'baby' (larvae) of the Black Beetle insect. Lays eggs in grain products such as flour.
- 7. *Letter 'M' Reptiles Crocodiles/lizards/turtles/snakes/dinosaurs. Lays eggs. Do not nurture young. Cold-blooded. Must 'bask' in the sun to regulate their body temperature. Scaly skin.
 - Mud Snake: up to 7 feet long, non-poison, black and red water snake of the SE United
 States
 - **Milk Snake:** harmless, but red/black bands are like the very venomous Coral and Copperhead snakes.
 - Morethia Skink: smooth-skinned little lizard with no neck and tiny legs found around the world.
 - Megalosaurus Dinosaur: was half the size of the 'T-Rex 'meat-eater'. Named in 1824.
- **8. *Letter 'M' Millipedes -** are a class of animals named for a word that means 'joint legs'. Millipedes and centipedes can have many many legs. Spiders, shrimp, and crayfish are in this family.
 - **Millipede:** These long, black, harmless bugs are not actually worms. 'Millipede' means 'creature of a thousand legs', but the most legs found on a millipede is 750.

(Letter 'M' animals are not in comparative scale)



