Smarty Pants Magazine for Kids Your Amazing Body: The Skeleton

Teacher/Parent Page

The Reading: Your Amazing Body: The Skeleton

"Refer to the Reading and Glossary for Answers to all Quiz/Worksheet Activities."

Glossary

Applications:

Language and Literacy Worksheets:

Activity 1: Comprehension Reading Quiz, Word Recognition

Activity 1-a Comprehension Reading Quiz, True/False Choices

Activity 1-b Consonant Blend Words: "sk"

Math Worksheet

Activity 2: Addition of Multiple Numbers

Anatomy Worksheet

Activity 3: Label Major Bone Joints

Physical Education: Gross Motor

- Activity 4: Audio Song
- Move Like An Animal, Sing Like a Bird



Your Amazing Body - The Skeleton

Make no "bones" about it. Your body is full of bones, which makes up your skeleton. Let's learn more in "Your Amazing Body - The Skeleton!

Skeleton Jokes

- 1. Why didn't the skeleton dance at the party? (He had no body to dance with!)
- 2. Why do skeletons drink milk? (It's good for your bones!)
- 3. Why did the skeleton go to the Mechanic Shop? (For body work!)
- 4. What do you call a skeleton who won't work? (Lazy bones!)
- 5. How do skeletons contact each other? (By tele-bone!)

Skeletons Are No Joke!

Along with other body systems (like the Digestive System for food and the Breathing System with lungs), you have a Skeletal System of bones. Without your skeleton for support, you would flop over like a rag doll! In this bone system, stringy, stretchy *tendons* and *ligaments* connect bones to your body. The tendons connect bones to bones. The ligaments attach bones to muscles.

Your Bones Can Work

Each bone in your body has a job to do. Hard bones surround and protect soft parts inside. The skull bone protects the brain. Your rib bones protect your heart and lungs. Bones are hard because they are made of minerals. The outside material of a bone is solid. The inside material of a bone is spongy to allow body movement and to let blood flow through the bone. At the center of a bone is a soft *marrow* material. Yellow marrow is mostly fat cells. Red marrow produces blood cells.

Your Bones Can Bend

Joints are where the bones connect so you can move. Shoulders and hips have a 'ball and socket' joint that allows a wide range of arm and leg movement. Shoulder joints allow your arms to reach up and down, and wave around in a circle. The leg joints let you kick, march, jump and dance.

Imagine that you have no joints. You would be stiff and have to move like a robot!

Did You Know?

- Your bones grow until you are about 20 years old
- The red marrow can produce 5,000,000,000 blood cells each day
- The smallest bone is in your ear
- The longest bone is the 'thigh', upper leg bone
- A bone doctor is an Orthopedic doctor

Your Bones Can Heal

Bone can break. Bones can heal. If you break your arm, the doctor will put a protective cast around the damaged area to keep it straight while it heals. You will have to keep your arm in a sling. Your friends will want to sign their name on your cast.

Your body will go to work and start healing the wound. Blood will rush to the area to bring new blood cells. New soft tissue will start to form. New bone materials will fuse the gap in the broken area.

Your mother will tell you not to run around. The broken bone will grow back together. The doctor will take the cast off and you can play again.

Good Food for Good Bones

The three most important factors for healthy bones are 'Calcium', Vitamin D, and Exercise.

Calcium is an element found in dairy foods, like milk, yogurt, and cheese. Other foods with Calcium are: leafy green vegetables, nuts and seeds, and fish.

Milk is usually 'fortified' with the addition of Vitamin D, which helps the body absorb and use Calcium. Vitamin D from the sun is absorbed in your body when you play outside. It is even called the 'Sunshine Vitamin. Many foods are 'fortified'. That means they have added Vitamin D. Milk, cereals, and orange juice are often fortified with Vitamin D.

Make No Bones About This!

("We're not kidding around about healthy bones").

Your skeleton is a growing, living thing within you. But, don't be scared. Take care of your skeleton and it will 'support' you the rest of your life!

One Last Skeleton Joke: "What food did the skeleton order at a restaurant?" (spare ribs!)

Glossary

Bones are the Skeleton System of the body for support and movement.

Cast is a hard protective covering for a healing bone.

Calcium is an important *mineral* that forms bones.

Dairy foods are products that come from milk.

Elements are important parts in the make-up of all living things.

Humor is a short story told to be funny and make people laugh.

Joints are where bones come together so the body can bend.

Ligaments connect bones to muscles.

Minerals are *elements* in the body that turn food into energy.

Marrow is the spongy part of the inner bone that produces new blood cells.

Mechanic Shop is where you go to get your car fixed.

Nutrients are *elements* in food that make the body grow.

Orthopedic Surgeon is a doctor that fixes broken bones.

Skeletal System is all the bones in your body + tendons and ligaments.

Tendons connect bones to bones.

Vitamin D is a nutrient that helps the body absorb Calcium for bone health.

Name		Date		
Activity 1 Comprehensive F	Reading Quiz			
Write the word that best complist when you have used it.	oletes the senter	nces below. <u>Write an</u>	X on the word in the	
funny bones support dairy Sunshine Vitamin				
1. A 'joke' is a saying that is f				
2. The main job of your bone	s is to s	you	ır body.	
3. Your 'skeletal system' is the	e parts of your b	ody that are b		
4. The tendons connect bone	s to bones. Liga	ments connect bone	s to m	
5. Bones are hard because th	ey are made of	m	·	
6. The soft 'marrow' of the inr	ner bone has the	colors of r	_ and y	
7. A 'ball and socket' is a kind	l of j		·	
8. The smallest bone in your	body is in the e _			
9. If you break your arm, you	might need thes	e two things:		
C, s _				
10. Calcium is important for b	one growth. Cal	cium is found mainly	in	
dfoods				
11. Vitamin D is called the S		v	······································	
12. What kind of food did the skeleton order in the restaurant?				
s	r	!		

Answer Key for you to Check and Correct Yourself. "Don't peek!" 1funny 2.support 3.bones 4.muscles 5.minerals 6.red/yellow 7.joint 8.ear 9.cast/sling 10.dairy 11.Sunshine Vitamin 12.spare ribs!

Name_____ Date_____

Activity 1-a True/False

Draw a circle around the answer that is correct for the following sentences.

1. True False I think I have a good sense of humor.

2. True False I like to tell jokes.

3. True False Your bones are part of your Digestive System.

4. True False The skull bone protects your brain.

5. True False Tendons and ligaments are in the Skeletal System

6. True False Bone marrow is blue and green.

7. True False The smallest bone in your body is in your finger.

8. True False I have had a broken bone in my body.

9. True False Milk is good for bones.

10. True False I like milk.

Answer Key to Check and Correct Yourself. "Don't peek!"

1 choose 2 choose 3F (Skeleton) 4T 5T 6F (red/yellow) 7F (ear) 8 choose 9T 10 Choose

Name	Date
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Activity 1-b "sk" Consonant Blend Words

*Note: Consonants are all the letters in the alphabet except the Vowels: a,e,i,o,u

Make a Word. *See examples #1 and #2. Finish #'s 3-10 by adding the two letters "sk' in the blanks. Re-write the word you have made.

1.	s k	eleton	skeleton	

2.	sk_ ate	<u>skate</u>

Name______Date____

Activity 2 Math

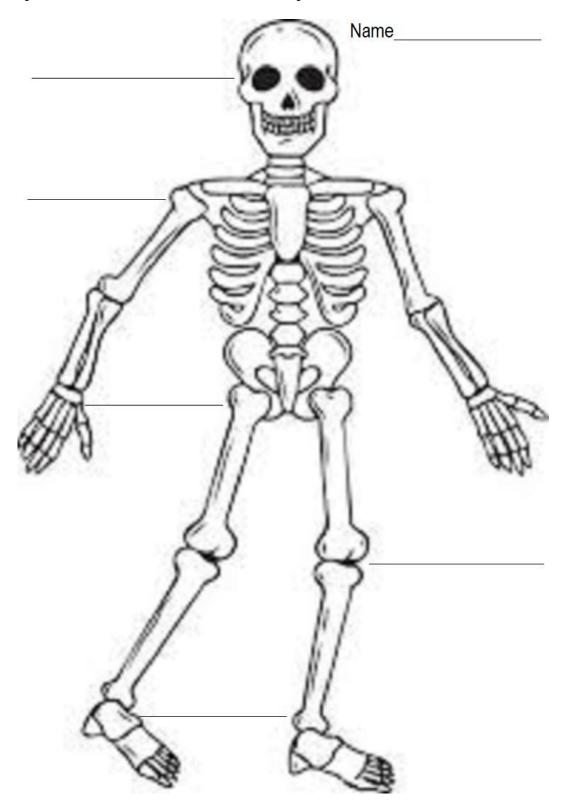
There are over 200 bones in a human body.

Count the bones. Add it up. You can do it.

Show your work on the right side space as you figure it out.

Skull	Bones	+24
Neck	Bone	+ 1
Back	Bones	+26
Rib	Bones	+24
Arm	Bones	+ 6
Hand	Bones	+54
Hip	Bones	+ 2
Thigh	Bones	+ 2
Leg	Bones	+ 6
Feet	Bones	+52
Takal		
Total	<u></u>	

Anatomy Worksheet and Label Parts/Activity 3



 $Bone\ Word\ Bank:\ Skull,\ Shoulder,\ Wrist,\ Knee,\ Ankle$

Physical Education: Gross Motor

Activity 4: Move Like An Animal, Sing Like a Bird

See Audio Song for Words in Italics

Good for:

- large muscle development
- Balance
- breaks from sitting
- transition times
- fidgety kids
- pretend play
- language development
- verbs of movement
- having fun!

Try it, Teachers/Parents. It's a good workout for you, too! Kids are great at figuring this out. Say the 'What's My Name Riddle' (in Italics) for each animal as they do the motions.

Bear Walk

Stand. Bend over on flat palms of hands and flat feet with bottom in the air. Walk. "I'm a furry animal. I walk on paws. What is my name? I'm a little Bear. Now, how do you do?"

Butterfly/Bird Walk

Standing. Free movement. Flapping arms and gliding. "I have wings and I fly in the sky. What is my name? I'm a little Bird/Butterfly. Now, how do you do?"

Skunk Walk

Same as Bear. But walk on fingertips and toes. Forward, backwards, or sideways. "Watch out for me. I'm a stinky fellow. What is my name? I'm a little Skunk. Well, how do you do?"

Elephant Walk

Stand. Clasp hands together, arms down and front. Swing arms like a trunk. Bend over and walk. "I'm big and gray and I have a trunk. What is my name. I'm a little Elephant. Now, how do you do?"

Penguin Walk/Waddle

Stand. Arms straight down by side. Walk stiff, on heels, or waddle back and forth. "I live in the snow in a black and white suit. What is my name. I'm a little Penguin. Now, how do you do?"

Tiger Crawl

Down. Arms bent at elbows straight out with flat palms. On knees. Crawl low like a stalking tiger. "I live in the jungle and I'm orange and black. What is my name? I'm a little Tiger. Now, how do you do?"

Flamingo Walk

Stand. Hop on one leg. Alternate legs. Step, hop, step, hop. Skipping. "I am a big bird and my color is pink. What is my name? I'm a Flamingo. Now, how do you do?"

Snake Slither

Down flat on stomach. Arms by side. Slither and wiggle to move. "I slither and I wiggle and I might bite you. What is my name? I'm a little snake. Now, how do you do?

Horse Gallop

Gallop in place on balls of feet. Transfer weight from foot to foot. In place, or move around. Pump arms up and down. "I have a mane and tail and you can ride me. What is my name? I'm a little Horse. Now, how do you do?"

Seal Slide

Down flat on stomach. Legs straight and together from hips. Pull forward with arms/elbows to move. "I live in the water and I love to slide. What is my name? I'm a little Seal. Now, how do you do?"

Turtle Crawl

Push up and move side to side. Don't let feet and hands cross.

"I have a shell and I hide inside. What is my name? I'm a little Turtle. Now, how do you do?"

Inchworm Crawl

Down flat on stomach. Pull arms in on elbows. Walk feet up. Now in a ball. Walk hands out back down to stomach. Repeat like an inchworm inching along.

"I am a worm and I inch along. What is my name? I am an Inchworm. Now, how do you do?"

Turtle on His Back Kick

Down on stomach. Roll over to back and kick arms and legs.

Kangaroo Hop

Squat down. Elbows bent and tucked into chest. Squat thrusts forward to move. "I live in a pouch and they call me 'Joey'. What is my name? I'm a Kangaroo. Now, how do you do?"

Frog Leap

Squat down. Hands touch at side. Leap forward. Repeat. "I am green and I live in a pond. What is my name? I'm a little Frog. Now, how do you do?"

Rabbit Hops

Standing. Hop up and down and all around. "I eat carrots and I am so cute. What is my name? I'm a little bunny. Now, how do you do?"